Checklist of the Birds of Grenada



Please enter counts for every species observed and note any breeding evidence for entry into eBird Caribbean

Black-bellied Whistling-Duck* (Dendrocygna	Willet* (Tringa semipalmata)
autumnalis)	Lesser Yellowlegs (Tringa flavip
Blue-winged Teal (Anas discors)	Laughing Gull* (Leucophaeus a
Ruddy Duck* (Oxyura jamaicensis)	Brown Noddy* (Anous stolidus
Pied-billed Grebe* (Podilymbus podiceps)	Sooty Tern (Onychosprion fusc
Magnificent Frigatebird* (Fregata magnificens)	Bridled Tern (Onychoprion and
Brown Booby* (Sula leucogaster)	Roseate Tern (Sterna dougallii)
Brown Pelican* (Pelecanus occidentalis)	Royal Tern* (Thalasseus maxin
Great Blue Heron* (Ardea herodias)	Rock Pigeon^* (Columba livia)
Great Egret* (Ardea alba)	Scaly-naped Pigeon* (Patagioe
Snowy Egret* (<i>Egretta thula</i>)	Common Ground-Dove* (Colur
Little Blue Heron* (Egretta caerulea)	Ruddy Quail-Dove* (Geotrygor
Tricolored Heron* (Egretta tricolor)	Grenada Dove* (Leptotila well
Cattle Egret* (Bubulcus ibis)	Zenaida Dove* (Zenaida aurita
Green Heron* (Butorides virescens)	Eared Dove* (Zenaida auricula
Black-crowned Night-Heron* (Nycticorax nycticorax)	Smooth-billed Ani* (Crotophag
Yellow-crowned Night-Heron* (Nyctanassa violacea)	Mangrove Cuckoo* (Coccyzus I
Osprey* (Pandion haliaetus)	Barn Owl* (Tyto alba)
Hook-billed Kite* (Chondrohierax uncinatus)	Gray-rumped Swift (Chaetura d
Broad-winged Hawk* (Buteo platypterus)	Rufous-breasted Hermit* (Glau
Common Gallinule* (Gallinula galeata)	Green-throated Carib* (Eulam)
American Coot* (Fulica americana)	Antillean Crested Hummingbire
Black-bellied Plover (Pluvialis squatarola)	cristatus)
American Golden-Plover (<i>Pluvialis dominica</i>)	Belted Kingfisher* (Megaceryle
Southern Lapwing (Vanellus chilensis)	Peregrine Falcon (Falco peregr
Wilson's Plover* (Charadrius wilsonia)	Orange-winged Parrot [*] (Ama
Semipalmated Plover (Charadrius semipalmatus)	Caribbean Elaenia* (Elaenia mo
Whimbrel (Numenius phaeopus)	Yellow-bellied Elaenia* (Elaeni
Ruddy Turnstone (Arenaria interpres)	Grenada Flycatcher* (Myiarchi
Stilt Sandpiper (Calidris himantopus)	Gray Kingbird* (Tyrannus dom
Sanderling (Calidris alba)	Fork-tailed Flycatcher (Tyrannu
Least Sandpiper (Calidris minutilla)	Black-whiskered Vireo (Vireo a
White-rumped Sandpiper (Calidris fuscicollis)	Caribbean Martin (Progne dom
Semipalmated Sandpiper (Calidris pusilla)	Barn Swallow (Hirundo rustica)
Short-billed Dowitcher (Limnodromus griseus)	House Wren* (Troglodytes aed
Wilson's Snipe (Gallinago delicate)	Cocoa Thrush* (Turdus fumiga
Spotted Sandpiper (Actitis macularius)	Spectacled Thrush* (Turdus nu
Solitary Sandpiper (<i>Tringa solitaria</i>)	Tropical Mockingbird* (Mimus
Greater Yellowlegs (Tringa melanoleuca)	Northern Waterthrush (Parkes

 while (miliga semipamata)
Lesser Yellowlegs (Tringa flavipes)
 Laughing Gull* (Leucophaeus atricilla)
Brown Noddy* (Anous stolidus)
Sooty Tern (Onychosprion fuscatus)
Bridled Tern (Onychoprion anaethetus)
Roseate Tern (Sterna dougallii)
Royal Tern* (Thalasseus maximus)
 Rock Pigeon [*] (Columba livia)
 Scaly-naped Pigeon* (Patagioenas squamosa)
 Common Ground-Dove* (Columbina passerina)
Ruddy Quail-Dove* (Geotrygon montana)
 Grenada Dove* (Leptotila wellsi)
 Zenaida Dove* (Zenaida aurita)
 Eared Dove* (Zenaida auriculata)
 Smooth-billed Ani* (Crotophaga ani)
 Mangrove Cuckoo* (Coccyzus minor)
 Barn Owl* (Tyto alba)
 Gray-rumped Swift (Chaetura cinereiventris)
 Rufous-breasted Hermit* (Glaucis hirsutus)
Green-throated Carib* (Eulampis holosericeus)
Antillean Crested Hummingbird* (Orthorhyncus
cristatus)
 Belted Kingfisher* (Megaceryle alcyon)
Peregrine Falcon (Falco peregrinus)
Orange-winged Parrot [*] (Amazona amazonica)
 Caribbean Elaenia* (Elaenia martinica)
Yellow-bellied Elaenia* (Elaenia flavogaster)
 Grenada Flycatcher* (Myiarchus nugator)
 Gray Kingbird* (Tyrannus dominicensis)
 Fork-tailed Flycatcher (Tyrannus savana)
 Black-whiskered Vireo (Vireo altiloquus)
Caribbean Martin (Progne dominicensis)
 Barn Swallow (Hirundo rustica)
House Wren* (Troglodytes aedon)
 Cocoa Thrush* (Turdus fumigatus)
 Spectacled Thrush* (Turdus nudigenis)
 Northern Waterthrush (Parkesia noveboracensis)
Tropical Mockingbird* (Mimus gilvus) Northern Waterthrush (Parkesia noveboracensis)

Grassland Yellow-Finch^{*} (Sicalis luteola) Blue-black Grassquit (Volatinia jacarina) _____Yellow-bellied Seedeater (Sporophila nigricollis) Bananaquit* (Coereba flaveola) Black-faced Grassquit* (Tiaris bicolor) _____ Lesser Antillean Bullfinch* (Loxigilla noctis) Summer Tanager (*Piranga rubra*) Carib Grackle* (Quiscalus lugubris) Shiny Cowbird* (Molothrus bonariensis) Red – Endemic species, Grenada Green – Endemic species, West Indies ^ – Introduced species * – Year-round resident Note: This is a list of the birds most likely to be seen in Grenada. It does not include all rarely observed species. Additional Species:

Yellow Warbler* (Setophaga petechial)

Lesser Antillean Tanager* (Tangara cucullata)

Notes: _____

Count Information

Location		
Observation date		
Start time	Duration	
Number of people in group		
Count type (see definitions below)		
Stationary Count		
Traveling Count: Distance covered		
Caribbean Waterbird Census (CWC) Point Count CWC Area Search: Area covered		

We encourage you to record all birds seen and heard.

Are you reporting a complete checklist of the birds seen and heard? YES NO Notes _____

Submitting Your Data

After you have completed your bird count, submit your data to eBird Caribbean at http://ebird.org/caribbean

Defining Your Count

Stationary Count: A count made from a fixed location (moving less than 30 m). Examples are counting birds from an observation tower or in your backyard.

Traveling Count: Observations made while birding over a specific distance (preferably less than 5 km) and duration. Examples include walking a trail, driving an auto loop, and birding on a boat trip. If you walk 2 km. on a trail and return via the same route, record the distance as 2 km. Only record new birds that you are certain you did not previously detect on the return.

Caribbean Waterbird Census (CWC) Counts: Any count at a wetland (including swamps, marshes, mangroves, salt ponds, salinas, beaches, mud flats, tidal flats, estuaries, lakes, bays, etc.) should be entered as a CWC Point Count (= Stationary Count) or Area Search in Step 2 of data entry at <u>http://ebird.org/content/caribbean/</u> Grenada is known for many things—Grande Anse Beach, spices, its underwater sculpture park. Less known is Grenada's rich natural history and incredible bird life. **More than 160 species of birds have been recorded on Grenada!** This includes birds that can only be found on this island: the **Grenada Dove and Grenada Hook-billed Kite**. Other special birds include **Grenada Flycatcher, Antillean Crested Hummingbird, Lesser Antillean Tanager, and Lesser Antillean Bullfinch** found only in the Lesser Antilles.

If you want to experience *a different side of Grenada*, take a couple hours, go search for these birds, and use this check list to keep track!

The birds are not far from your hotel!

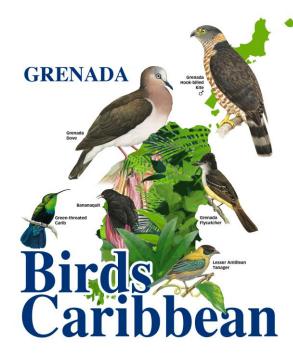


The USFWS Neotropical Migratory Bird Conservation Act Program funded this project.

The Caribbean Bird Trail (CBT) is a project of the non-profit organization, BirdsCaribbean. The CBT is being developed to connect people to the extraordinary places, diverse cultures and people of each island. We promote authentic experiences that benefit local people and encourage the protection of the Caribbean's natural resources, including birds and their habitats.

BirdsCaribbean is the largest regional organization committed to conserving Caribbean birds and their habitats through education, conservation, science and action.

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The Cornell Lab of Ornithology Exploring and Conserving Nature